Selection Guide 1.1 kW – 400 kW
VLT® HVAC Drive FC 102

98%
Energy efficiency
Save energy and money with up to 98% efficient VLT® drives.
The VLT® HVAC drive is a dedicated, globally supported drive that combines flexibility and efficiency in a package designed to minimize total system and lifecycle costs in HVAC applications.

1.1 – 400 kW

Dedicated drive for highest energy efficiency and reliability

The VLT® HVAC drive is a dedicated, globally supported drive that combines flexibility and efficiency in a package designed to minimize total system and lifecycle costs in HVAC applications.

Designed to provide the highest efficiency solution with both asynchronous and permanent magnet motors from all major suppliers, the VLT® HVAC drive is the leading drive for heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems. The motor independent drive can be installed in any fan or pump system and provide years of reliable, maintenance free operation.

When used in Danfoss’ EC+ concept, the HVAC drive plays a significant part in enabling building owners to meet ever stricter efficiency and environmental legislation effectively and cost efficiently.

Every VLT® HVAC Drive is based on 25 years of experience and innovation. Easy to use, all models follow the same basic design and operating principle. Once you know one, you know them all. This selection guide helps you to choose and configure your perfect drive for applications from 1.1-400 kW.
GLOBAL REACH

Danfoss’ efficient global logistics setup makes it possible to ship VLT® drives quickly to any destination.

Danfoss’ global support organization is geared to react swiftly to resolve issues to help you reduce downtime. In the event of issues Danfoss’ global hotline helps you find the right solution quickly and efficiently.

In order to provide fast support in major industrial areas Danfoss is also present with highly trained, dedicated professionals. Based close to chemical hotspots, marine hubs and major industrial areas around the world, Danfoss experts are ready to provide fast access to drive and application expertise.

TRAINING BASED ON EXPERIENCE

Keep up to date on trends, methods and features that save additional energy or offer new technical opportunities to increase your product quality or decrease the downtime of your plant.

Receive the same quality training anywhere in the world with Danfoss-developed material and trainers. Training can take place at one of Danfoss’ facilities or directly at the customer’s own facility. Teaching is conducted by local trainers who have broad experience in the many conditions that may affect performance, so you get the most out of your Danfoss solution.

Additionally, the new online platform Danfoss Learning offers you the opportunity to extend your knowledge in small and compact lessons up to extensive training courses, when and wherever you want.

Read more at learning.danfoss.com
Flexible, modular and adaptable
Built to last

The VLT® HVAC Drive is built on a flexible, modular design concept to provide an extraordinarily versatile motor control solution. Equipped with a wide range of HVAC features owners can achieve optimal fan and pump control, higher quality output and reduce costs related to spare parts and service, and much more.

Built-in EMC filters
VLT® HVAC Drive units are equipped with integrated DC link chokes and EMC filters as standard features. This enables them to reduce grid pollution and eliminate the cost and effort of fitting external EMC components and related wiring.

Reduce costs with compact drives
A compact design and efficient heat management enable the drives to take up less space in control rooms and panels in all kinds of environments. Especially impressive is the 315 kW, 400 V version, which is among the smallest in its power class on the market today, and is available in an IP 54 enclosure.

Compact dimensions are also an advantage in applications where drive space is restricted. This makes it possible for designers to develop smaller applications without being forced to compromise on protection and grid quality. For example, the D frame versions of the VLT® HVAC Drive FC 102 from 110-400 kW are 25-68 % smaller than equivalent drives.

The IP 20 version is optimized for cabinet mounting and features covered power terminals to prevent accidental contact. The unit can also be ordered with optional fuses or circuit breakers in the same package size. Control and power cables are fed in separately at the bottom.

The frequency converters combine a flexible system architecture, which allows them to be adapted to specific applications, with a uniform user interface across all power classes. This allows you to adapt the drive to the exact needs of your specific application. As a result project work and costs are subsequently reduced. The easy to use interface reduces training requirements. The integrated SmartStart guides users quickly and efficiently through the setup process, which results in fewer faults due to configuration and parameterization errors.

Freedom to design efficient systems
HVAC drives are built on a flexible system architecture, which allows them to be adapted to specific applications to provide maximum system efficiency.

Available in a performance range from 1.1 kW to 1.4 MW the FC 102 series can control nearly all standard industrial motor technologies, including permanent magnet motors, copper rotor motors and direct line PM.

The frequency converter is designed to work with all common supply voltages: 200, 380-480 V, 525-600 V and 690 V.

As a result, system designers, OEMs and end users can connect the drive to their chosen motor and reduce project costs with a solution that performs to the highest standards.

VLT® PLATFORM HIGHLIGHTS
- Versatile, flexible, configurable
- EMC filters integrated as standard
- Asynchronous & PM motor control
- 9 fieldbuses supported
- Up to 1.4 MW in common voltages
- Unique user interface
- Globally supported
VLT® HVAC Drives are available in a broad range of enclosures sizes and protection ratings from IP 20 to IP 66 to enable easy installation in all environments: mounted in panels, switch rooms or as stand-alone units for heating, ventilation and air conditioning.

**Cost saving heat management**

In VLT® HVAC Drives the cooling air and the internal electronics is separated, protecting electronics from contaminants. At the same time it removes heat efficiently which helps to prolong product life, increase the overall availability of the system and reduce faults related to high temperatures.

For example, by exhausting heat directly outside it is possible to reduce the size of the cooling system in the panel or switch room. This can be achieved with Danfoss’ panel through cooling system or the extremely efficient back channel cooling concept, that also allows to conduct the heat into the outside of the control room. Both methods make it possible to reduce the initial cost of the panel or switch room.

In daily use the benefits are equally clear as the energy consumption related to cooling can be reduced significantly. This means that designers can reduce the size of the air conditioning system, or even eliminate it entirely.
VLT® HVAC Drives are available in IP 20 enclosures optimized for installation in panels. For use in harsh environments choose IP 54 (110 kW and above), IP 55 or IP 66 enclosures.

Coated circuit boards
The VLT® HVAC Drive is as standard conforming to class 3C2 (IEC 60721-3-3). If used in especially harsh conditions it is possible to order a special coating that complies with class 3C3.

Ruggedized for extra protection
The VLT® HVAC Drive is available in a ‘ruggedized’ version, that ensures that components remain firmly in place in environments characterized by high degrees of vibration such as Marine and mobile equipment.

Retrofitting: Fast upgrade to newest technology platform
As technologies evolve and newer, smaller and more efficient models replace old drives, it is important to Danfoss that you can change and upgrade as easily as possible. Minimize downtime in your production and update your installation in a few minutes with prepared tools from Danfoss.

With a Danfoss conversion kit it is easy and fast to prepare your application for the future:

- Mechanical adaptation
- Electric adaptation
- Parameter adaptation
OPTIMISED HARMONIC PERFORMANCE
Efficient harmonic mitigation protects electronics and increases efficiency.

HARMONIC DISTORTION
Electrical interference reduces efficiency and risks harming equipment.
Optimize performance and grid protection

**Built-in protection as standard**
The VLT® HVAC Drive FC 102 contains all modules necessary for compliance with EMC standards.

A built-in scalable RFI filter minimizes electromagnetic interference. Integrated DC chokes reduce harmonic distortion in the mains network, which increases the lifetime of the DC link capacitors and therefore the drive system’s overall efficiency.

The solutions save cabinet space, as they are integrated in the drive from the factory. Efficient EMC mitigation also enables the use of cables with smaller cross-sections, which again reduces installation costs.

**Expand grid protection with filter solutions**
If needed, Danfoss’ wide range of solutions for harmonic mitigation can provide additional protection, such as the

- VLT® Advanced Harmonic Filter AHF
- VLT® Advanced Active Filter AAF
- VLT® Low Harmonic Drives
- 12-pulse VLT® drives

Provide motor protection with:
- VLT® Sine Wave Filter
- VLT® dU/dt Filter

With this solutions you may achieve optimum performance for your application, even in weak or unstable grids.

**Use motor cables up to 300 m**
The design of the VLT® HVAC Drive makes it a perfect choice in applications that require long motor cables. Without needing additional components the drive provides trouble free operation with cable lengths of up to 150 m screened or 300 m unscreened. This allows the drive to be installed in a central control room a distance away from the application without affecting motor performance.

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**EMC Standards**

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<td>EN 55011 Facility operators must comply with EN 55011</td>
<td>Class B Housing and light industries</td>
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<td>EN/IEC 61800-3 Converter manufacturers must conform to EN 61800-3</td>
<td>Category C1 First environment, home and office</td>
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**FC 102 compliance**

For further details see the VLT® HVAC Drive Design Guide

Compliance to mentioned EMC classes depends on the selected filter.
Increase safety

**Fire override mode**
Activating the function “Fire-mode” within the VLT® drive ensures secure and continued operation within applications such as stair-well pressurisation, car park exhaust fans, smoke exhaust and essential service functions.

**Drive bypass**
If a drive bypass is available the VLT® HVAC Drive will not only sacrifice itself; it will also bypass itself and connect the motor directly to mains. As a result fan functionality will be maintained after the drive fails, as long as there is power and the motor is functioning. *(only available in the USA)*

**Protect applications and operators**
The VLT® HVAC Drive FC 102 is able to provide the STO (Safe Torque Off) function in compliance with ISO 13849-1 PL d and SIL 2, according to IEC 61508 / IEC 62061. In high demand applications this can be expanded with the VLT® Safe Option MCB 140, an external module that provides functions such as Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safely Limited Speed (SLS) and Safe Maximum Speed (SMS), control of external contactors and safety door monitoring and unlocking.
**Increase productivity**

With the wide range of fieldbus options the VLT® HVAC Drive can be easily connected to the fieldbus system of your choice. This makes the HVAC Drive a future-ready solution that can easily be expanded and updated if your needs change.

Danfoss fieldbus options can also be installed as a plug-and-play solution at a later stage, if the production layout demands a new communication platform. This way, you can be confident that you can optimize your plant without being forced to replace your existing drive system.

See the complete list of fieldbuses on page 24.

**BACnet Change of Value (COV)**

The standard, passive, BACnet protocol that is embedded in every HVAC drive, can be expanded with the VLT® BACnet Option MCA 109 option.

This add-on enables the drive to support COV. As a result the drive will only communicate if pre-defined set-points are exceeded.

By effectively optimizing communication, the MCA 109 reduces the load on the fieldbus enabling more efficient building management.
Energy documentation

VLT® Energy Box software is the most modern and advanced energy calculation tool available.

It allows energy consumption calculations and comparisons of HVAC fans, pumps and cooling tower applications driven by Danfoss drives and alternative methods of flow control.

The program compares the total operational costs of various traditional systems to operation of the same systems with a VLT® HVAC Drive.

With this program it is easy to evaluate the savings by comparing a VLT® HVAC Drive over other types of capacity control systems in both new installations as well as retrofit situations.

Complete financial analysis
VLT® Energy Box provides a complete financial analysis including:

- Initial cost for the drive system and the alternative system
- Installation and hardware costs
- Annual maintenance costs and any utility company incentives for energy conservation products
- Payback time and accumulated savings
- Upload of actual energy consumption (kWh) and duty cycle from the VLT® HVAC Drive

VLT® Energy Box makes it possible to capture actual energy data from the drives and monitor energy consumption and overall system efficiency.

Energy audit
The VLT® HVAC Drive coupled with Energy Box software enables the package to be used as the Energy Audit equipment for both the estimation and validation of savings.

VLT® HVAC Drive can be interrogated remotely for full energy data, making it easy to monitor your energy savings and return on investment. Monitoring via fieldbus often makes energy meters omissible.

Download VLT® Energy Box
www.danfoss.com/energybox
Software tools

**Easy engineering and setup with VLT® Motion Control Tool MCT 10**

In addition to operating the drive via LCP (local control panel), VLT® drives can also be configured and monitored with Danfoss own PC software. This provides plant managers with a comprehensive overview of the system at any point in time, adding a new level of flexibility in configuration, monitoring and troubleshooting.

MCT 10 is a windows based engineering tool with a clearly structured interface that provides an instant overview of all the drives in a system of any size. The software runs under Windows and enables data exchange over a traditional RS485 interface, fieldbus (Profibus, Ethernet, etc.) or via USB.

Parameter configuration is possible both online on a connected drive and offline in the tool itself. Additional documentation, such as electrical diagrams or operating manuals, can be embedded in MCT 10. This reduces the risk of incorrect configuration while offering fast access to troubleshooting.

**Analyse harmonic distortion with VLT® Harmonic Calculation Software HCS**

This is an advanced simulation program that makes calculating harmonic distortion in your mains network fast and easy. It is the ideal solution both if you are planning a new installation from scratch.

The user-friendly interface allows you to configure the mains environment as desired and returns simulation results, which you can use to optimize your network.

Contact your local Danfoss sales office or visit our website for more information or visit directly at [www.danfoss-hcs.com](http://www.danfoss-hcs.com)

**VLT® Motion Control Tool MCT 31 Harmonics Calculation Software**

VLT® MCT 31 calculates system harmonic distortion for both Danfoss and non-Danfoss drives. It is also able to calculate the effects of using various additional harmonic reduction measures, including Danfoss harmonic filters.

With VLT® Motion Control Tool MCT 31, you can determine whether harmonics will be an issue in your installation, and if so, what strategies will be most cost-effective in addressing the problem.

VLT® Motion Control Tool MCT 31 features include:

- Short circuit current ratings can be used instead of transformer size and impedance when transformer data is unknown
- Project oriented for simplified calculations on several transformers
- Easy to compare different harmonic solutions within the same project
- Supports current Danfoss product line as well as legacy drive models
Intuitive setup with graphical interface

The VLT® HVAC Drive features a user-friendly, hot pluggable local control panel (LCP) for easy setup and parameter configuration.

After choosing language navigate through setup parameters individually. Alternatively, use a pre-defined quick menu or a SmartStart guide for application specific setup.

The LCP can be detached and used to copy settings to other HVAC Drives in the system. It can also be mounted remotely on a control panel fascia. This enables the user to take full advantage of the LCP, eliminating the need for additional switches and instrumentation.
Intelligent optimization
SmartStart also asks if you want to apply the intelligent VLT features Automatic Motor Adaptation and Automatic Energy Optimization, enabling even more efficient motor control.

SmartStart is deactivated when the drive is programmed via fieldbus and after a timeout.

NOTE: SmartStart is only accessible with the graphical control panel.

Save commissioning time with SmartStart

SmartStart is a time-saving drive setup wizard that guides you through a series of easy steps to configure your drive. The wizard can be accessed with the drive's graphical control panel at the first power up of the drive or after a factory reset.

Uses HVAC language
Using HVAC language, SmartStart asks you enter motor information and the application profile. The drive then calculates the optimal values to ensure reliable and energy efficient operation. When used with permanent magnet motors, which motor data may be based on a different value than 1000 RPM, SmartStart automatically recalculates the values to 1000 RPM.
Intelligent AHU functions
The ability to handle logical rules and inputs from sensors, real-time functionality, and time-related actions enables the HVAC Drive to control a wide range of functions:

- Weekend and working day operations
- Cascaded P-PI for temperature control
- Multi-zone “3” control
- Flow balancing between fresh and outlet air
- Belt monitoring
Dedicated fan features

The VLT® HVAC Drive offers a wide range of built-in and expandable functions that increase comfort and safety while reducing energy consumption.

**Velocity to flow conversion**
The VLT® HVAC Drive is able to convert velocity pressure sensor values into flow values. This provides operators with the opportunity to set the drive up to provide a fixed flow or fixed differential flow. Regardless of method, the advantages are the same, as energy consumption is optimised while improving comfort. An added benefit is that this built-in setting eliminates the need for a flow sensor.

**Fire override mode**
This safety feature prevents the drive from stopping to protect itself. Instead it will continue vital fan operation regardless of control signals, warnings or alarms.

**Extend BMS capacity**
Easy integration into building management systems provides managers with detailed information about the current state of the infrastructure in the building. By integrating the drive into the building management network, all the I/O points in the drive are available as remote I/O to extend the capacity of the BMS.

For example: by installing room temperature sensors (PT 100/PT 1000) and monitoring them with the VLT® Sensor Input Card, the motor is protected from overheating in the bearings and windings. Monitoring of sensor temperature is either visible as a readout on the display or via fieldbus.

**Resonance monitoring**
Avoid unwanted noise by setting the drive to avoid the frequency bands that cause fans to create resonances. Not only does this increase comfort, it also reduces wear on the equipment.

**Stairwell pressurisation**
If there is a fire, the VLT HVAC Drive will continue to control the motor, even beyond its standard shutoff parameters. By maintaining a higher level of air in the stairwells than in other parts of the building, fire escapes remain smoke free.

**Smart logic reduces costs**
The drive’s built-in Smart Logic Controller and four auto-tuning PID controllers can control air handling functions with fans, valves and dampers. This reduces DDC tasks in the building management system and frees valuable data points for other use.

**Mains switch**
The mains switch is a safety feature that makes it possible to cut off the drive from the mains supply. As a result maintenance and cleaning is both easy and safe. The mains switch option also reduces assembly costs.
Dedicated pump features

The VLT® HVAC Drive is developed in close cooperation with OEMs, contractors, and manufacturers around the world. Each drive contains a wide range of built-in, dedicated features save energy in pump applications.

**Embedded pump controller**
The Pump Cascade Controller distributes operation hours evenly across all pumps. Wear and tear on individual pumps is therefore reduced to a minimum, extending their lifetime expectancy and reliability considerably.

**Vital water supply**
If a pipe leaks or breaks, the HVAC Drive can reduce the motor speed to prevent overload, while continuing to supply water at a lower speed.

**Sleep mode**
In situations with low or now flow, the drive enters sleep mode to conserve energy. When the pressure falls below the pre-defined setpoint, the drive starts automatically. Compared to continuous operation this method reduces energy costs and equipment wear and tear, extending the lifetime of the application.

1. **Dry Pump Protection and End of Curve**
   If the pump runs without creating the desired pressure, the drive sets off an alarm or performs another pre-programmed action. This happens for example when a well runs dry or a pipe leaks.

2. **Auto tuning of PI controllers**
   Auto tuning enables the drive to monitor how the system reacts to corrections made by the drive constantly. The drive learns from it and calculates the P and I values, so precise and stable operation is restored quickly.

3. **Flow compensation**
   A pressure sensor mounted close to the fan or pump provides a reference point that enables pressure to be kept constant at the discharge end of the system. The drive constantly adjusts the pressure reference to follow the system curve. This method both saves energy and reduces installation costs.

4. **No/low flow**
   During operation, a pump normally consumes more power the faster it runs. In situations where the pump runs fast, but is not fully loaded, and does not consume adequate power, the drive compensates accordingly. This is a particular advantage when water circulation stops, the pump runs dry or when pipes leak.
Optimize system performance with EC+

Danfoss EC+ concept gives manufacturers of ventilation units the freedom to select their preferred motor from any supplier and control it with a VLT®

Optimize PM motor performance
Danfoss has refined its VVC+ algorithm and optimised it for permanent magnet motors. This improvement makes it possible for owners to benefit from the high motor efficiency of EC technology. After entering the relevant motor data, the drive automatically optimizes the performance of the application.

Free choice of technology
VLT® drives are equally efficient at controlling PM and asynchronous motors.

By providing vendors with the freedom to select the optimum combination of drive and motor, it is possible to offer the best possible system efficiency. This is a clear advantage compared to integrated systems, where it often is not possible to optimize the individual components.

Easy maintenance
Component replacement as a result of wear and tear is not always possible without installing a complete new, integrated system. The EC+ concept answers this challenge by making service and maintenance easier, as only the affected component needs to be repaired/replaced in the event of malfunction.

Downtime is therefore reduced, and so are maintenance costs. These savings are the result of the fact that the EC+ concept is based on standardized components. All units can be shipped at short notice and installed with little effort.

Tests at the Institute of Air Handling and Refrigeration (ILK) in Dresden have shown that the EC+ concept lowers the losses in ventilator systems by up to 10%, compared to conventional EC technology. This is the result of 3-5 % higher system efficiency, depending on the nominal power size and the partial load.

Optimize PM motor performance
Optimize PM motor performance

Highest efficiency with EC+

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Values related to ILK report

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1. Enclosure
The drive meets requirements for enclosure class IP 20/Chassis, IP 21/Type 1, IP 54/Type 12, IP 55/Type 12 or IP 66/Type 4X.

2. EMC and Network effects
All versions of VLT® HVAC Drive comply as standard with EMC limits B, A1 or A2 according to the EN 55011 norm. The standard integrated DC coils ensure low harmonic load on the network according to EN 61000-3-12 and increase the lifetime of the DC link capacitors.

3. Protective coating
The electronic components are, as standard, coated as per IEC 60721-3-3, class 3C2. For harsh and aggressive environments, coating as per IEC 60721-3-3, class 3C3 is available.

4. Removable fan
Like most of the elements, the fan can be quickly removed and remounted for easy cleaning.

5. Control terminals
Double-stack, spring-loaded cage clamps enhance reliability and facilitate easy commissioning and service.

6. Fieldbus option
See complete list of available fieldbus options on page 34.

7. I/O extensions
A wide range of I/O options are available either factory-mounted or as retrofit.

8. Display option
Danfoss VLT Drives’ removable Local Control Panel is available with a variety of language packs: East European, West European, Asian and North American.

English and German are available in all drives.

Alternatively the drive can be commissioned via the built-in USB/RS485 connection or a fieldbus from with VLT® Motion Control Tool MCT 10 setup software.

Modular simplicity
Delivered fully assembled and tested to meet your specific requirements
9. **24 V external power supply**
The external 24 V supply keeps the VLT® HVAC Drive logic "alive" when the AC mains is removed.

10. **Mains disconnect**
This switch interrupts the mains supply and has a free useable auxiliary contact.

**Safety**
The VLT® HVAC Drive can optionally be delivered with the Safe Torque Off (Safe Stop) functionality suitable for category 3, performance level d according to EN 13849-1 and SIL 2 according to IEC 62061/IEC 61508. This feature prevents the drive from starting unintended.

**Built-in Smart Logic Controller**
The Smart Logic Controller is a clever way to add customer-specific functionality to the drive and increase the opportunities for the drive, motor and application working together.

The controller monitors a specified event. When an event occurs, the controller performs a pre-defined action and then starts monitoring for the next pre-defined event. 20 steps of events and resulting actions are available before returning to the first set.

Logic functions can be selected; most of them run independently of the sequence control. This enables drives to monitor variables or signal defined events in an easy and flexible way independently of the motor control.
The big picture
An investment that pays

Increase application performance and streamline processes with energy efficient, adaptive motor control. Combine reliable, high performing solutions from a single supplier to reduce the lifetime costs of your applications.

Minimize energy costs
As energy becomes increasingly expensive, variable speed control of electrical motors has proven to be one of the most effective cost-reducing measures available.

For example, by reducing the average speed of the motor from 100% to 80% in for example pumps or fans, 50% energy is saved. Reducing the average speed by 50% increases the savings to 80%.

Reduce total cost of ownership
Seen over its lifetime, the initial cost of a drive only amounts to 10% of the total cost of ownership; the remaining 90% cover energy consumption, service and maintenance.

During setup Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA) and later during operation Automatic Energy Optimization (AEO) ensure that the drive is perfectly adapted to the attached motor and changing loads.

Once in operation VLT® drives serve reliably for their entire lifetime. Only requiring minimal maintenance, the VLT® HVAC Drives provide a fast return on investment and ultimately a competitive cost of ownership.

Automatic Energy Optimization ensures that the motor voltage adapts automatically to changing loads. This provides an efficiency boost of up to 5-15%, reducing the cost of ownership substantially.

On the following pages we help you select the optimal VLT® for applications from 1.1 and 400 kW. For larger drives, please consult the selection guide for Danfoss VLT® High Power Drives.
Specifications

Basic unit without extensions

### Main supply (L1, L2, L3)
- Supply voltage: 200 – 240 V ±10%
- Supply voltage: 380 – 480 V ±10%
- Supply voltage: 525 – 600 V ±10%
- Supply voltage: 525 – 690 V ±10%
- Supply frequency: 50/60 Hz
- Displacement power factor (cos φ): > 0.98 near unity
- Switching on input supply L1, L2, L3: 1–2 times/min.
- Harmonic disturbance: Meets EN 61000-3-12

### Output data (U, V, W)
- Output voltage: 0 – 100% of supply voltage
- Output frequency: 0–590 Hz
- Switching on output: Unlimited
- Ramp times: 1 – 3600 sec.

### Digital inputs
- Programmable digital inputs: 6*
- Changeable to digital output: 2 (terminal 27, 29)
- Logic: PNP or NPN
- Voltage level: 0 – 24 V DC
- Maximum voltage on input: 28 V DC
- Input resistance, Ri: Approx. 4 kΩ
- Scan interval: 5 ms
- * 2 can be used as digital outputs

### Analog inputs
- Analogue inputs: 2
- Modes: Voltage or current
- Voltage level: 0 to +10 V (scaleable)
- Current level: 0/4 to 20 mA (scaleable)
- Accuracy of analog inputs: Max. error: 0.5% of full scale

### Pulse inputs
- Programmable pulse inputs: 2*
- Voltage level: 0 – 24 V DC (PNP positive logic)
- Pulse input accuracy (0.1 – 1 kHz): Max. error: 0.1% of full scale
- * Utilize some of the digital inputs

### Digital outputs
- Programmable digital/pulse outputs: 2
- Voltage level at digital/frequency output: 0 – 24 V DC
- Max. output current (sink or source): 40 mA
- Maximum output frequency at frequency output: 0 to 32 kHz
- Accuracy on frequency output: Max. error: 0.1% of full scale

### Analogue output
- Programmable analogue outputs: 1
- Current range at analogue output: 0/4 – 20 mA
- Max. load to common at analogue output (clamp 39): 500 Ω
- Accuracy on analogue output: Max. error: 1% of full scale

### Control card
- USB interface: 1.1 (Full Speed)
- USB plug: Type "B"
- RS485 interface: Up to 115 kbaud
- Max. load (10 V): 15 mA
- Max. load (24 V): 200 mA

### Relay output
- Programmable relay outputs: 2
- Max. terminal load (AC) on 1-3 (break), 1-2 (make), 4-6 (break) power card: 240 V AC, 2 A
- Max. terminal load (AC) on 4-5 (make) power card: 400 V AC, 2 A
- Min. terminal load on 1-3 (break), 1-2 (make), 4-6 (break), 4-5 (make) power card: 24 V DC 10 mA, 24 V AC 20 mA

### Surroundings/external
- Enclosure: IP: 00/20/21/54/55/66
- UL Type: Chassis/1/12/4x Outdoor
- Vibration test: 1.0 g (D enclosures: 0.7 g)
- Max. relative humidity: 5% – 95% (IEC 721-3-3; Class 3K3 (non-condensing) during operation
- Ambient temperature: Max. 50° C w/o derating
- Galvanic isolation of all I/O supplies according to PELV
- Aggressive environment: Designed for coated/standard 3C3/3C2 (IEC 60721-3-3)

### Fieldbus communication
- Standard built-in:
  - FC Protocol
  - N2 Metasys
  - FLN Apogee
  - Modbus RTU
  - BACnet (embedded)
- Optional:
  - VLT® PROFIBUS DP V1 MCA 101
  - VLT® DeviceNet MCA 104
  - VLT® LonWorks MCA 108
  - VLT® BACnet MCA 109
  - VLT® PROFINET MCA 120
  - VLT® EtherNet/IP MCA 121
  - VLT® Modbus TCP MCA 122

### Protection mode for longest possible up-time
- Electronic thermal motor protection against overload
- Temperature monitoring of the heatsink ensures that the frequency converter trips if the temperature reaches 95° C ± 5° C
- The frequency converter is protected against short-circuits on motor terminals U, V, W
- The frequency converter is protected against earth faults on motor terminals U, V, W
- Protection against mains phase loss
The numbers represent the terminals on the drive.

This diagram shows a typical installation of the VLT® HVAC Drive. Power is connected to the terminals 91 (L1), 92 (L2) and 93 (L3) and the motor is connected to 96 (U), 97 (V) and 98 (W).

Terminals 88 and 89 are used for load sharing between drives. Analogue inputs can be connected to the 53 (V or mA), and for 54 (V or mA) terminals.

These inputs can be set up as either reference, feedback or thermistor inputs.

There are 6 digital inputs to be connected to terminals 18, 19, 27, 29, 32, and 33. Two digital input/output terminals (27 and 29) can be set up as digital outputs to show an actual status or warning. The terminal 42 analogue output can show process values such as $0 - I_{\text{max}}$.

On the 68 (P+) and 69 (N-) terminals’ RS 485 interface, the drive can be controlled and monitored via serial communication.
### VLT® HVAC Drive 200-240 V AC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enclosure</th>
<th>IP 20 (IP 21*)/Chassis (Type 1)</th>
<th>A2</th>
<th>A3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP 20, IP 66/Type 4X</td>
<td>P1K1</td>
<td>P1K5</td>
<td>P2K2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical shaft output</td>
<td>[kW]</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical shaft output at 208 V</td>
<td>[HP]</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>2.0</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Output current</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (3 x 200 – 240 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermittent (3 x 200 – 240 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>7.3</td>
<td>8.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Output power</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Continuous (208 V AC)</td>
<td>[kVA]</td>
<td>2.38</td>
<td>2.70</td>
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<td><strong>Rated input current</strong></td>
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<td>[A]</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>6.8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Intermittent (3 x 200 – 240 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated power loss at rated max. load</td>
<td>[W]</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Efficiency</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. cable size</td>
<td>[mm²] ([AWG])</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>(12)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. pre-fuses</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 20</td>
<td>[kg]</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>6.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 21</td>
<td>[kg]</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>7.5</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enclosure</th>
<th>IP 20 (IP 21*)/Chassis (Type 1)</th>
<th>B3</th>
<th>B4</th>
<th>C3</th>
<th>C4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP 21 Type 1, IP 55 + IP 66/Type 4X</td>
<td>P5K1</td>
<td>P7K5</td>
<td>P11K</td>
<td>P15K</td>
<td>P18K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical shaft output</td>
<td>[kW]</td>
<td>5.5</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Typical shaft output at 208 V</td>
<td>[HP]</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>10</td>
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<td>20</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Output current</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (3 x 200 – 240 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>30.8</td>
<td>46.2</td>
<td>59.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermittent (3 x 200 – 240 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>26.6</td>
<td>33.9</td>
<td>50.8</td>
<td>65.3</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Output power</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (208 V AC)</td>
<td>[kVA]</td>
<td>8.7</td>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>16.6</td>
<td>21.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rated input current</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (3 x 200 – 240 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermittent (3 x 200 – 240 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>24.2</td>
<td>30.8</td>
<td>46.2</td>
<td>59.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated power loss at rated max. load</td>
<td>[W]</td>
<td>269</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>447</td>
<td>602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Efficiency</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. cable size</td>
<td>[mm²] ([AWG])</td>
<td>10 (7)</td>
<td>35 (2)</td>
<td>50 (1)</td>
<td>95, 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. cable size mains</td>
<td>[mm²] ([AWG])</td>
<td>16 (8)</td>
<td>35 (2)</td>
<td>50, 35, 35 (1, 2, 2)</td>
<td>95, 70, 110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. pre-fuses</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 20</td>
<td>[kg]</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 21, IP 55, IP 66</td>
<td>[kg]</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

* (A2, A3, B3, B4, C3 and C4 may be converted to IP 21/Type 1 using a conversion kit. (Please see also items mechanical mounting in Operating Instructions and IP 21/Type 1 enclosure kit in the Design Guide.)
## VLT® HVAC Drive 380 – 480 V AC

### Enclosure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enclosure</th>
<th>IP 20 (IP 21*)/Chassis (Type 1)</th>
<th>A2</th>
<th>A3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IP 21/Type 1, IP 55 + IP 66/Type 4X</td>
<td>P1K1</td>
<td>P1K5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical shaft output</td>
<td>[kW]</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Typical shaft output at 460 V</td>
<td>[HP]</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Output current

| Continuous (3 x 380 – 440 V) | [A] | 3 | 4 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 10 | 13 | 16 |
| Intermittent (3 x 380 – 440 V) | [A] | 3.3 | 4.5 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 11 | 14.3 | 17.6 |
| Continuous (3 x 441 – 480 V) | [A] | 2.7 | 3.4 | 4.8 | 6.3 | 8.2 | 11 | 14.5 |
| Intermittent (3 x 441 – 480 V) | [A] | 3.0 | 3.7 | 5.3 | 6.9 | 9.0 | 12.1 | 15.4 |

### Output power

| Continuous (400 V AC) | [kVA] | 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 6.9 | 9.0 | 11.0 |
| Continuous (460 V AC) | [kVA] | 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 6.5 | 8.8 | 11.6 |

### Rated input current

| Continuous (3 x 380 – 440 V) | [A] | 2.7 | 3.7 | 5.0 | 6.5 | 9.0 | 11.7 | 14.4 |
| Intermittent (3 x 380 – 440 V) | [A] | 3.0 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 7.2 | 9.9 | 12.9 | 15.8 |
| Continuous (3 x 441 – 480 V) | [A] | 2.7 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 5.7 | 7.4 | 9.9 | 13.0 |
| Intermittent (3 x 441 – 480 V) | [A] | 3.0 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 6.3 | 8.1 | 10.9 | 14.3 |

### Estimated power loss at rated max. load


### Efficiency

| 0.96 | 0.97 |

### Max. cable size

- Mains, motor, brake
  - [mm²](AWG): (14) 4 (12)

### Max. pre-fuses

| [A] | 10 | 20 | 32 |

### Weight

| IP 20 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 6.6 |
| IP 55, IP 66 | 9.7 (A4)/13.5 (A2 + A5) | 14.2 |

---

* (A2, A3, B3, B4, C3 and C4 may be converted to IP 21 using a conversion kit. Please contact Danfoss. (Please see also items Mechanical mounting in Operating Instructions and IP 21/Type 1 Enclosure kit in the Design Guide.)

1) With brake and load sharing 95 (4/0)
### VLT® HVAC Drive 3 x 380 – 480 V AC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enclosure</th>
<th>Typical shaft output (400 V)</th>
<th>Output current</th>
<th>Continuous (400 V)</th>
<th>Intermittent (400 V)</th>
<th>Continuous (460/500 V)</th>
<th>Intermittent (460/500 V)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP 20, IP 21, IP 55</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>[W]</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N110</td>
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<td>110</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>110</td>
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<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
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<td>N250</td>
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<td>250</td>
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<td>250</td>
<td>250</td>
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<td>N315</td>
<td>315</td>
<td>315</td>
<td>315</td>
<td>315</td>
<td>315</td>
<td>315</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output power</td>
<td>[kVA]</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>[kVA]</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (400 V)</td>
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<td>147</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>147</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (460 V)</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>151</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### VLT® HVAC Drive 525 – 600 V AC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enclosure</th>
<th>Typical shaft output (525 V AC)</th>
<th>Output current</th>
<th>Continuous (3 x 525 – 550 V)</th>
<th>Intermittent (3 x 525 – 550 V)</th>
<th>Continuous (3 x 525 – 600 V)</th>
<th>Intermittent (3 x 525 – 600 V)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP 20, IP 21, IP 55, IP 66/Type 4a</td>
<td>[kW]</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>kW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P1K1</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P1K5</td>
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<td>1.5</td>
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<td>1.5</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P2K2</td>
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<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>2.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P3K0</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>P4K0</td>
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<td>P5K5</td>
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<td>P11K</td>
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<td>P15K</td>
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<td>P18K</td>
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<td>P22K</td>
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<td>P55K</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Max. cable size</th>
<th>[mm²]</th>
<th>[AWG]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mains, motor, brake and loadsharing</td>
<td>2 x 95</td>
<td>(2 x 3/0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. external input (mains) fuses</td>
<td>2 x 185</td>
<td>(2 x 350 MCM)</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>[kg]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP 20</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 21</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 55</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 66</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### VLT® HVAC Drive 1.1 kW – 400 kW

[28] VLT® HVAC Drive | 1.1 kW – 400 kW |
### VLT® HVAC Drive 3 x 525-690 V AC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enclosure</th>
<th>IP 20</th>
<th>A3</th>
<th>B4</th>
<th>C3</th>
<th>D3h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP 20/IP 55</td>
<td>P1K1</td>
<td>P1K5</td>
<td>P2K2</td>
<td>P3K0</td>
<td>P5K5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Typical shaft output (690 V)</strong></td>
<td>[kW]</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Output current (High overload 110% for 1 min.)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (3 x 525-550 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>4.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermittent (3 x 525-550 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>7.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous kVA (3 x 551-690 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>1.6</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermittent kVA (3 x 551-690 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>5.1</td>
<td>7.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Output power</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (550 V) (AJ 525 V)</td>
<td>[kVA]</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>2.5</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>4.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (690 V)</td>
<td>[kVA]</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>3.8</td>
<td>5.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rated input current</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (3 x 525-550 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>1.9</td>
<td>2.4</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>4.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermittent (3 x 525-550 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>5.6</td>
<td>7.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous kVA (3 x 551-690 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2.9</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intermittent kVA (3 x 551-690 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>4.6</td>
<td>6.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated power loss at rated maximum load</strong></td>
<td>[W]</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Efficiency</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.96</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. cable cross section</td>
<td>[mm²] (I/AWG)</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>35 (2)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. external input (mains) fuses</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td>[kg]</td>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>21.5 (B4)</td>
<td>35 (C3)</td>
<td>62 (D3h)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 21, IP 55</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP 20</td>
<td>[kg]</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>35 (B2)</td>
<td>65 (C2) – 62 (D3h)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Typical shaft output (525 V)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Enclosure</th>
<th>IP 20</th>
<th>D3h</th>
<th>D4h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IP 20/IP 55</td>
<td>N75K</td>
<td>N90K</td>
<td>N110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Typical shaft output (525 V)</strong></td>
<td>[kW]</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Output power</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>90</td>
<td>113</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuous (550 V)</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Estimated power loss at 525/575 V</strong></td>
<td>[W]</td>
<td>1162</td>
<td>1428</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Efficiency</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.98</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. cable size</td>
<td>[mm²] (I/AWG)</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>12 (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. external input (mains) fuses</td>
<td>[A]</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weight</strong></td>
<td>[kg]</td>
<td>62 (D1h + D3h)</td>
<td>66 (D5h, 129 (D6h)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Dimensions and air flow

Please see the VLT® HVAC Drive FC 102 Design Guide for other frames, available at http://www.danfoss.com/Products/Literature/VLT+Technical+Documentation.htm
## A, B and C frames

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frame</th>
<th>A2</th>
<th>A3</th>
<th>A4</th>
<th>A5</th>
<th>B1</th>
<th>B2</th>
<th>B3</th>
<th>B4</th>
<th>C1</th>
<th>C2</th>
<th>C3</th>
<th>C4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H mm</td>
<td>Height of back plate</td>
<td>268</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>268</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>390</td>
<td>420</td>
<td>480</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>399</td>
<td>520</td>
<td>680</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H1 mm</td>
<td>With de-coupling plate for fieldbus cables</td>
<td>374</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>374</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>420</td>
<td>595</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H2 mm</td>
<td>Distance to mounting holes</td>
<td>254</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>257</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>401</td>
<td>402</td>
<td>454</td>
<td>624</td>
<td>380</td>
<td>495</td>
<td>648</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W mm</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>165</td>
<td>230</td>
<td>308</td>
<td>370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W1 mm</td>
<td>Distance between mounting holes</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>215</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D mm</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>249</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>310</td>
<td>335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D1 mm</td>
<td>With mains disconnect</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>206</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>289</td>
<td>290</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>344</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D2 mm</td>
<td>With option A/B</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>222</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>222</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>260</td>
<td>262</td>
<td>242</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I (air space inlet) mm (inches)</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O (air space outlet) mm (inches)</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight (kg)</td>
<td>4.9</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>9.7</td>
<td>13.5/14.2</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### A3 IP 20

![Diagram of A3 IP 20]

### A4 IP 55 with mains disconnect

![Diagram of A4 IP 55 with mains disconnect]
Dimensions and air flow

Please see the VLT® High Power Design Guide for other frames, available at http://www.danfoss.com/Products/Literature/VLT+Technical+Documentation.htm
## D frames

### VLT® HVAC Drive

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frame</th>
<th>D1h</th>
<th>D2h</th>
<th>D3h</th>
<th>D4h</th>
<th>D5h</th>
<th>D6h</th>
<th>D7h</th>
<th>D8h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enclosure</td>
<td>IP 21/IP 54</td>
<td>IP 20</td>
<td>IP 21/IP 54</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>H mm</strong> Height of back plate</td>
<td>901</td>
<td>1107</td>
<td>909</td>
<td>1122</td>
<td>1324</td>
<td>1665</td>
<td>1978</td>
<td>2284</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>H1 mm</strong> Height of product</td>
<td>844</td>
<td>1050</td>
<td>844</td>
<td>1050</td>
<td>1277</td>
<td>1617</td>
<td>1931</td>
<td>2236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>W mm</strong></td>
<td>325</td>
<td>420</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>325</td>
<td>325</td>
<td>420</td>
<td>420</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>D mm</strong></td>
<td>378</td>
<td>378</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>381</td>
<td>381</td>
<td>384</td>
<td>402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>D1 mm</strong> With mains disconnect</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>426</td>
<td>426</td>
<td>429</td>
<td>447</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Door swing A mm</strong></td>
<td>298</td>
<td>395</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>298</td>
<td>298</td>
<td>395</td>
<td>395</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>I (air space inlet) mm</strong></td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>O (air space outlet) mm</strong></td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>C1</strong></td>
<td>102 m³/h (60 cfm)</td>
<td>204 m³/h (120 cfm)</td>
<td>102 m³/h (60 cfm)</td>
<td>204 m³/h (120 cfm)</td>
<td>102 m³/h (60 cfm)</td>
<td>204 m³/h (120 cfm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>C2</strong></td>
<td>420 m³/h (250 cfm)</td>
<td>840 m³/h (500 cfm)</td>
<td>420 m³/h (250 cfm)</td>
<td>840 m³/h (500 cfm)</td>
<td>420 m³/h (250 cfm)</td>
<td>840 m³/h (500 cfm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Diagrams

- **D5h/D6h**
- **D7h/D8h**

### Notes

- **Air cooling**
  - **C1**: 102 m³/h (60 cfm) - 204 m³/h (120 cfm)
  - **C2**: 420 m³/h (250 cfm) - 840 m³/h (500 cfm)

- **Power Range**: 1.1 kW – 400 kW

---

| 1.1 kW – 400 kW | VLT® HVAC Drive | 33 |
A options: Fieldbuses
For A, B, C and D frames

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fieldbus</th>
<th>VLT® PROFIBUS DP V1 MCA 101</th>
<th>VLT® DeviceNet MCA 104</th>
<th>VLT® LonWorks MCA 108</th>
<th>VLT® BACnet MCA 109</th>
<th>VLT® PROFINET MCA 120</th>
<th>VLT® EtherNet/IP MCA 121</th>
<th>VLT® Modbus TCP MCA 122</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

VLT® PROFIBUS DP MCA 101
Operating the frequency converter via a fieldbus enables you to reduce the cost of your system, communicate faster and more efficiently, and benefit from an easier user interface.
- VLT® PROFIBUS DP MCA 101 provides wide compatibility, a high level of availability, support for all major PLC vendors, and compatibility with future versions
- Fast, efficient communication, transparent installation, advanced diagnosis and parameterisation, and auto-configuration of process data via GSD-file
- A-cyclic parameterisation using PROFIBUS DP-V1, PROFIdrive or Danfoss FC profile state machines, PROFIBUS DP-V1, Master Class 1 and 2

Ordering number
130B1100 standard, 130B1200 coated

VLT® DeviceNet MCA 104
VLT® DeviceNet MCA 104 offers robust, efficient data handling thanks to advanced Producer/Consumer technology.
- This modern communications model offers key capabilities that let you effectively determine what information is needed and when
- Benefit also from ODVA’s strong conformance testing policies, which ensure that products are interoperable

Ordering number
130B1102 standard, 130B1202 coated

VLT® LonWorks MCA 108
LonWorks is a fieldbus system developed for building automation. It enables communication between individual units in the same system (peer-to-peer) and thus supports decentralising of control.
- No need for big main station (master-follower)
- Units receive signals directly
- Supports Echelon free-topology interface (flexible cabling and installation)
- Supports embedded I/Os and I/O options (easy implementation of de-central I/Os)
- Sensor signals can quickly be moved to another controller via bus cables
- Certified as compliant with LonMark ver. 3.4 specifications

Ordering number
130B1106 standard, 130B1206 coated
### VLT® BACnet MCA 109
The open communications protocol for worldwide building automation.

The BACnet protocol is an international protocol that efficiently integrates all parts of building automation equipment from the actuator level to the building management system.

Via the BACnet option it is possible to read all analogue and digital inputs and control all analogue and digital outputs of the VLT® HVAC Drive. All inputs and outputs can be operated independently of the drive’s functions and thus work as remote I/Os:
- COV (Change of Value)
- Read/write Property Multiple
- Alarm/Warning handling

**Ordering number**
130B1144 standard, 130B1244 coated

### VLT® PROFINET MCA 120
VLT® PROFINET MCA 120 uniquely combines the highest performance with the highest degree of openness. The MCA120 gives the user access to the power of Ethernet. The option is designed so that any of the features from the PROFIBUS MCA 101 can be reused, minimising user effort to migrate PROFINET, and securing the investment in PLC program.

**Other features:**
- Built-in web server for remote diagnosis and reading out of basic drive parameters
- Support of DP-V1 Diagnostic allows easy, fast and standardized handling of warning and fault information into the PLC, improving bandwidth in the system

**Ordering number**
130B1119 standard, 130B1219 coated

### VLT® EtherNet/IP MCA 121
Ethernet is the future standard for communication at the factory floor. The VLT® EtherNet/IP MCA 121 is based on the newest technology available for industrial use and handles even the most demanding requirements. EtherNet/IP extends commercial off-the-shelf Ethernet to the Common Industrial Protocol (CIP™) – the same upper-layer protocol and object model found in DeviceNet.

The VLT® MCA 121 offers advanced features as:
- Built-in high performance switch enabling line-topology, and eliminating the need for external switches
- Advanced switch and diagnoses functions
- Built-in web server
- E-mail client for service notification
- Unicast and Multicast communication

**Ordering number**
130B1119 standard, 130B1219 coated

### VLT® Modbus TCP MCA 122
Modbus TCP is the first industrial Ethernet based protocol for automation. The VLT® Modbus TCP MCA 122 connects to Modbus TCP based networks. It is able to handle connection interval down to 5 ms in both directions, positioning it among the fastest performing Modbus TCP devices in the market. For master redundancy it features hot swapping between two masters.

**Other features:**
- Built-in web-server for remote diagnosis and reading out basic drive parameters
- An e-mail notificator can be configured for sending an e-mail message to one or several receivers, if certain warnings or alarms occurs, or has cleared again

**Ordering number**
130B1196 standard, 130B1296 coated

### VLT® DeviceNet Converter MCA 194
The VLT® DeviceNet Converter MCA 194 emulates VLT® 5000 commands in the VLT® AutomationDrive. This means that a VLT® 5000 can be replaced by the VLT® AutomationDrive or an existing system can be expanded, without costly change of the PLC program.

For a later upgrade to a different fieldbus, the installed converter can easily be removed and replaced with a different option. This secures the investment without losing flexibility. The option emulates I/O instances & explicit messages of a VLT® 5000.

**Ordering number**
NA standard, 130B5601 coated

---

### B options: Functional extensions
For A, B, C and D frames

#### Functional extensions
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>B</th>
<th>VLT® General Purpose MCB 101</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>VLT® Relay Option MCB 105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>VLT® Analog I/O Option MCB 109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>VLT® PTC Thermistor Card MCB 112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>VLT® Sensor Input Card MCB 114</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>VLT® Safe Option MCB 140 Series</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### VLT® General Purpose I/O MCB 101
This I/O option offers an extended number of control inputs and outputs:
- 3 digital inputs 0-34 V:
  - Logic “0” < 5 V; Logic “1” > 10V
- 2 analogue inputs 0-10 V:
  - Resolution 10 bit plus sign
- 2 digital outputs: NPN/PNP push pull
- 1 analogue output 0/4-20 mA
- Spring loaded connection

**Ordering number**
130B1125 standard, 130B1225 coated

#### VLT® Relay Option MCB 105
Makes it possible to extend relay functions with 3 additional relay outputs.

**Max. terminal load:**
- AC-1 Resistive load: 240 V AC 2 A
- AC-15 Inductive load: 240 V AC 0.2 A
- DC-1 Resistive load: 24 V DC 1 A
- DC-13 Inductive load: 24 V DC 0.1 A

**Min. terminal load:**
- DC 5 V: 10 mA
- Max switch rate at rated load/min. load: 6 min-1/20 sec-1

**Ordering number**
130B1110 standard, 130B1210 coated

#### VLT® Analog I/O Option MCB 109
This analogue input/output option is easily fitted in the frequency converter for upgrad- ing to advanced performance and control using the additional in/outputs. This option also upgrades the frequency converter with a battery back-up supply for the frequency converter’s built-in clock. This provides stable use of all frequency converter clock functions as timed actions etc.
- 3 analogue inputs, each configurable as both voltage and temperature input
- Connection of 0-10 V analogue signals as well as PT1000 and NTC1000 temperature inputs
- 3 analogue outputs each configurable as 0-10 V outputs
- Incl. back-up supply for the standard clock function in the frequency converter
B options: Functional extensions
For A, B, C and D frames

The back-up battery typically lasts for 10 years, depending on environment.

Ordering number
130B1143 standard, 130B1243 coated

VLT® PTC Thermistor Card MCB 112
ATEX-compliant module with thermal protection for single EEx d motors (Ziehl MS 220 DA).
- 1 PTB-certified thermistor input
- 1 switch-off signal for the integrated Safe Torque Off function (STO)
- 1 logic output for error identification

Ordering number
130B1172 standard, 130B1272 coated

* for use of this option STO-function is needed (optional terminal 37, see page 21 “Safety”)

VLT® Sensor Input Card MCB 114
The option protects the motor from being overheated by monitoring the bearings and windings temperature in the motor. Both limits as well action are adjustable, and the individual sensor temperature is visible as a read-out on the display or by fieldbus.
- Protects the motor from overheating
- Three self-detecting sensor inputs for 2 or 3 wire PT100/PT1000 sensors
- One additional analogue input 4-20 mA

Ordering number
130B1172 standard, 130B1272 coated

VLT® Safe Option MCB 140 Series
VLT® Safe Option MCB 140 Series are safety options providing Safe Stop 1 (SS1), Safely Limited Speed (SLS) and Safe Speed Monitor (SSM) functionality.
- MCB 140 standard B-Option
- MCB 141 external Option
- Single channel or dual channel operation possible
- Proximity switch as speed feedback
- SS1, SLS and SSM functionality
- Easy and fast parameterization

Ordering number
130B6443 MCB 140, 130B6447 MCB 141

The options can be used up to PL e according to ISO 13849-1.
MCB 140 is a standard B-Option while MCB 141 offers the same functionality in an external 45 mm housing. MCB141 enables the user to use the MCB 140 functionality also if another B-Option is used.

Different operating modes can be easily configured by using the on board display and buttons. The options provide only a limited set of parameters for easy and fast parameterization.

- MCB 140 standard B-Option
- MCB 141 external Option
- Single channel or dual channel operation possible
- Proximity switch as speed feedback
- SS1, SLS and SSM functionality
- Easy and fast parameterization

Ordering number
130B6443 MCB 140, 130B6447 MCB 141

D option: External power supply
For A, B, C and D frames

Option slot
D
VLT® 24 V DC Supply Option MCB 107

VLT® 24 V DC Supply MCB 107
The option is used to connect an external DC supply to keep the control section and any installed option alive during power failure.
- Input voltage range ...24 V DC +/- 15% (max. 37 V in 10 sec.)
- Max. input current ...................... 2.2 A
- Max. cable length ......................... 75 m
- Input capacitance load ................... < 10 uF
- Power-up delay .......................... < 0.6 s

Ordering number
130B1108 standard, 130B1208 coated

The options can be used up to PL e according to ISO 13849-1.
MCB 140 is a standard B-Option while MCB 141 offers the same functionality in an external 45 mm housing. MCB141 enables the user to use the MCB 140 functionality also if another B-Option is used.

Different operating modes can be easily configured by using the on board display and buttons. The options provide only a limited set of parameters for easy and fast parameterization.

- MCB 140 standard B-Option
- MCB 141 external Option
- Single channel or dual channel operation possible
- Proximity switch as speed feedback
- SS1, SLS and SSM functionality
- Easy and fast parameterization

Ordering number
130B6443 MCB 140, 130B6447 MCB 141

VLT® 24 V DC Supply Option MCB 107

Input voltage range ...24 V DC +/- 15% (max. 37 V in 10 sec.)
Max. input current ...................... 2.2 A
Max. cable length ......................... 75 m
Input capacitance load ................... < 10 uF
Power-up delay .......................... < 0.6 s

Ordering number
130B1108 standard, 130B1208 coated
## Accessories

**For A, B, C and D frames**

### LCP

**VLT® Control Panel LCP 101 (Numeric)**
Ordering number: 130B1124

**VLT® Control Panel LCP 102 (Graphical)**
Ordering number: 130B1157

**LCP Panel Mounting Kit**
Ordering number for IP 20 enclosure:
- 130B1113: With fasteners, gasket, graphical LCP and 3 m cable
- 130B1114: With fasteners, gasket, numerical LCP and 3 m cable
- 130B1117: With fasteners, gasket and without LCP and with 3 m cable
- 130B1170: With fasteners, gasket and without LCP

Ordering number for IP 55 enclosure:
- 130B1129: With fasteners, gasket, blind cover and 8 m “free end” cable

### Power Options*

**VLT® Sine-Wave Filter MCC 101**

**VLT® dU/dt Filter MCC 102**

**VLT® Common Mode Filters MCC 105**

**VLT® Advanced Harmonic Filter AHF 005/010**

**VLT® Brake Resistors MCE 101**

### Accessories

**Profibus SUB-D9 Adapter**
IP 20, A2 and A3
Ordering number: 130B1112

**USB Extension**
Ordering number:
- 130B1155: 350 mm cable
- 130B1156: 650 mm cable

**IP 21/Type 1 (NEMA 1) Kit**
Ordering number:
- 130B1122: For frame size A2
- 130B1123: For frame size A3
- 130B1187: For frame size B3
- 130B1191: For frame size C4

**Motor connector**
Ordering number:
- 13081065: frame A2 to A5 (10 pieces)

**Mains connector**
Ordering number:
- 13081066: 10 pieces mains connectors IP 55
- 13081067: 10 pieces mains connectors IP20/21

**Relays 1 terminal**
Ordering number: 13081069 (10 pieces 3 pole connectors for relay 01)

**Relays 2 terminal**
Ordering number: 13081068 (10 pieces 3 pole connectors for relay 02)

**Control card terminals**
Ordering number: 13080295

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*Ordering number: See relevant Design Guide
Ordering typecode for A, B, C and D frames

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>102 VLT® HVAC Drive FC 102</td>
<td>P1K1 1.1 kW / 1.5 HP</td>
<td>T2 3 x 200/240 V AC (1.1 – 45 kW)</td>
<td>E20 IP20/Chassis (frame A2, B3, C4, D3h, D4h)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>P1K5 1.5 kW / 2.0 kW</td>
<td>T4 3 x 380/480 V AC (1.1 – 1000 kW)</td>
<td>E21 IP21/Type 1 (frame B1, B2, C1, C2, D1h, D2h, D3h, D4h, D6h, D7h, D8h)</td>
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<td>P2K2 2.2 kW / 3.0 kW</td>
<td>T6 3 x 525/600 V AC (1.1 – 90 kW)</td>
<td>ES4 IP54/Type 12 (frame D1h, D2h, D5h, D6h, D7h, D8h)</td>
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<td>P3K1 3.0 kW / 4.0 kW</td>
<td>T7 3 x 525/690 V AC (1.1 – 1400 kW)</td>
<td>ESS IP55 (frame A5, B1, B2, C1, C2)</td>
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<td>P3K7 3.7 kW / 5.0 kW</td>
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<td>E66 IP66/Type 4X outdoor* (frame A5, B1, B2, C1, C2)</td>
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<td>P4K0 4.0 kW / 5.5 kW</td>
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<td>ZS5 IP55/Type 12 (frame A4)</td>
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<td>P5K5 5.5 kW / 7.5 kW</td>
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<td>Z66 IP66/NEMA 4X* (frame A4)</td>
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<td>P7K5 7.5 kW / 10 kW</td>
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<td></td>
<td>P11K 11 kW / 15 kW</td>
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<td>P15K 15 kW / 20 kW</td>
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<td>P18K 18.5 kW / 25 kW</td>
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<td>P22K 22 kW / 30 kW</td>
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<td>P30K 30 kW / 40 kW</td>
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<td>P37K 37 kW / 50 kW</td>
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<td>P45K 45 kW / 60 kW</td>
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<td>P55K 55 kW / 75 kW</td>
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<td>P75K 75 kW / 100 kW</td>
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<td>P90K 90 kW / 125 kW</td>
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<td>N95K 55 kW / 75 kW</td>
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<td>N110 110 kW / 150 kW</td>
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<td>N132 132 kW / 200 kW</td>
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<td>N160 160 kW / 250 kW</td>
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<td>N200 200 kW / 300 kW</td>
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<td>N250 250 kW / 350 kW</td>
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<td>N315 315 kW / 450 kW</td>
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<td>N400 400 kW / 550 kW</td>
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Based on your selection, Danfoss manufactures the desired VLT® HVAC Drive. You will receive a fully assembled frequency converter, tested under full load conditions.
# Power and enclosures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>VLT® HVAC Drive</th>
<th>T2 200 – 240 V</th>
<th>T4/T5 380 – 480 V</th>
<th>T6 525 – 600 V</th>
<th>T7 525 – 690 V</th>
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<td>IP 20</td>
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* Only available in 690 V

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**Power and enclosures**

- **IP 20/Chassis**
- **IP 21/Type 1**
- **IP 21 with upgrade kit – available in US only**
- **IP 54/Type 12**
- **IP 55/Type 12**
- **IP 66/NEMA 4X**
What VLT® is all about

Danfoss VLT Drives is the world leader among dedicated drives providers – and still gaining market share.

Environmentally responsible

VLT® products are manufactured with respect for the safety and well-being of people and the environment.

All frequency converter factories are certified according to ISO 14001 and ISO 9001 standards.

All activities are planned and performed taking into account the individual employee, the work environment and the external environment. Production takes place with a minimum of noise, smoke or other pollution and environmentally safe disposal of the products is pre-prepared.

UN Global Compact

Danfoss has signed the UN Global Compact on social and environmental responsibility and our companies act responsibly towards local societies.

Impact on energy savings

One year’s energy savings from our annual production of VLT® drives will save the energy equivalent to the energy production from a major power plant. Better process control at the same time improves product quality and reduces waste and wear on equipment.

Dedicated to drives

Dedication has been a key word since 1968, when Danfoss introduced the world’s first mass produced variable speed drive for AC motors – and named it VLT®.

Twenty five hundred employees develop, manufacture, sell and service drives and soft starters in more than one hundred countries, focused only on drives and soft starters.

Intelligent and innovative

Developers at Danfoss VLT Drives have fully adopted modular principles in development as well as design, production and configuration.

Tomorrow’s features are developed in parallel using dedicated technology platforms. This allows the development of all elements to take place in parallel, at the same time reducing time to market and ensuring that customers always enjoy the benefits of the latest features.

Rely on the experts

We take responsibility for every element of our products. The fact that we develop and produce our own features, hardware, software, power modules, printed circuit boards, and accessories is your guarantee of reliable products.

Local backup – globally

VLT® motor controllers are operating in applications all over the world and Danfoss VLT Drives’ experts located in more than 100 countries are ready to support our customers with application advice and service wherever they may be.

Danfoss VLT Drives experts don’t stop until the customer’s drive challenges are solved.